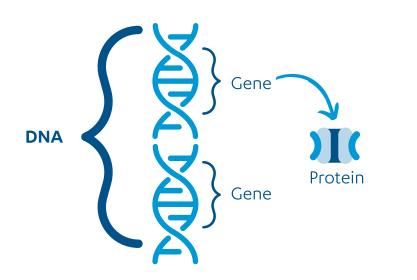
OVERVIEW OF GENE REGULATION THERAPY

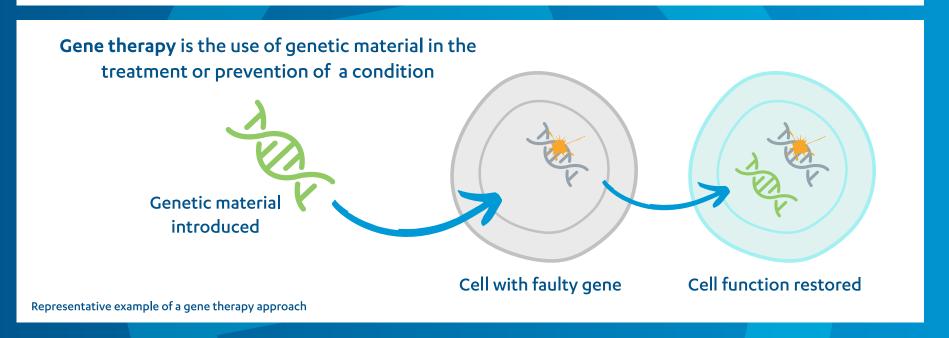


What is Gene Therapy?

Genes are sections of a person's DNA that contain the codes for proteins and enzymes that control how the body looks and functions

Genes that don't work properly may cause medical conditions





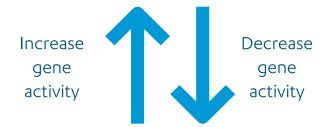
What Types of Gene Therapies Are There?

There are a number of gene therapy approaches being studied, including:

- Gene replacement/addition
 - Gene editing
 - Gene silencing
 - Gene regulation

This booklet provides an overview of gene regulation therapy

Gene regulation therapy is the use of genetic material to influence the activity of an existing gene with the aim of preventing, stopping, or slowing the effects of a condition



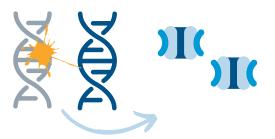
How Does Gene Regulation Therapy Work?

Every person has two copies of a specific gene

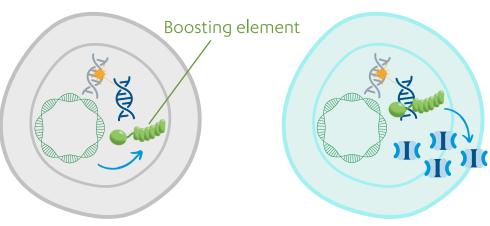


Genes code for proteins that allow the body to function properly

When one of the two copies of a specific gene is faulty, there may be a reduction in the amount of protein produced

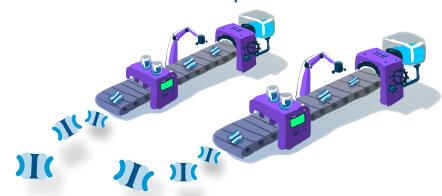


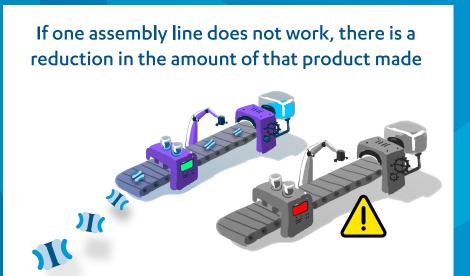
- 1. Potentially therapeutic genetic material is delivered to a cell's nucleus
- 2. This genetic material lives outside the cell's own DNA where it produces a boosting element for the gene of interest
- 3. This boosting element tells the working copy of the gene to make more protein

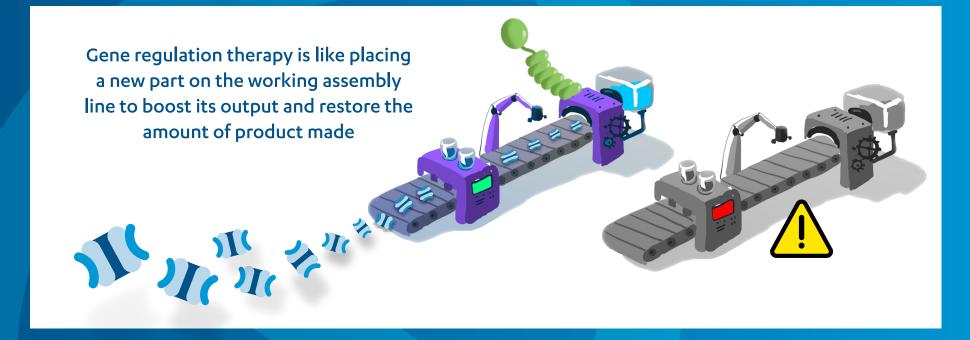


Gene Regulation Therapy Analogy

Imagine two assembly lines representing the two copies of the gene of interest, working together to make a product







This educational booklet was developed by Encoded Therapeutics.



No material within this booklet is intended to be a substitute for professional medical advice, diagnosis or treatment.